Convert from Standard Form to Vertex Form

(Completing the Square – Example 2)

Step 1: Check the coefficient of the x² term. If 1 goto step 2 If not 1, factor out the coefficient from the x² and x term.

Step 2: Calculate the value of : (b/2)2

Step 3: Group the x^2 and x term together, then add $(b/2)^2$ and subtract $(b/2)^2$

Step 4: Factor & Simplify

Example 2:
$$y = 2x^2 + 4x - 1$$
 (Standard Form)
 $y = 2(x^2 + 2x) - 1$ $(2/2)^2 = (1)^2 = 1$
 $y = 2(x^2 + 2x + 1) - 1$ -2 (WHY did we subtract 2 instead of 1?)
 $y = 2(x + 1)(x + 1) - 1 - 2$

 $y = 2(x + 1)^2 - 3$ (Vertex Form)