Unit-1 Introduction to Dams and its

types

1.	The lake of water which is formed upstream is often called
a)	Reservoir
b)	Dam reservoir
c)	River reservoir
d)	Storage reservoir
e)	All of above
	Explanation: The lake of water which is formed upstream is often called Reservoir or Dam reservoir or River reservoir or Storage reservoir.
2.	The type of reservoir which is simple storage tank constructed within a city water supply system known as
a)	Storage reservoir
b)	Distribution reservoir
c)	Conservation reservoir
d)	Flood control reservoir
	Explanation: The type of reservoir which is simple storage tank constructed within a city water supply system known as Distribution reservoir.
3.	Areservoirs can retain such excess supplies in addition to that require to
	satisfy consumers demands during the period of peak flows and can release them gradually during low flows as and when the need arises.
a)	Storage reservoir
b)	Conservation reservoir
c)	Detention basin
d)	All of above
	Explanation: A Storage or conservation reservoirs can retain such excess supplies in addition to that require to satisfy consumers demands during the period of peak flows and can release them gradually
	during low flows as and when the need arises.
4.	The lowest water surface elevation, which has to be kept under normal operating conditions in a reservoir, is called
a)	Normal pool level
b)	Minimum pool level
c)	Dead storage
d)	None of above
u)	Troile of above
	Explanation: The lowest water surface elevation, which has to be kept under normal operating conditions
	in a reservoir, is called Minimum pool level