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Welcome To The Class of Manage Budgets

LEARNING OBJECTIVES

Types of Budgets

What is Budget?

- A budget is a financial plan. It is a projection (forecast) of what will happen financially if certain strategies and decisions are implemented.
- In other words, A budget is a financial document used to project future income and expenses. The budgeting process may be carried out by individuals or by companies to estimate whether the person/company can continue to operate with its projected income and expenses.

Master Budget

The master budget summarizes projected activity by way of a cash budget, budgeted income statement and budgeted balance sheet.

Operational Budget

The operational budget covers revenues and expenses for the day to day core business of a company.

Cash flow Budgets

Cash budgets detail the expected cash flows coming in and cash needs going out for payments over time.

Financial Budgets

A financial budget outlines how a business expects and spends money on a corporate scale, including revenues from core business plus interest and cash from capital expenditures. Managing assets such as property, buildings, investments and equipment may have significant effects on the financial health of a company.

Example

- For example, if you plan to buy a new car with a bank loan, you will want to know how much the loan repayment installments will be. This helps you to construct a financial plan which includes determining the extent of the loan that you can afford. This type of planning is very much a budgeting activity.

Objectives of Budgeting

- A budget helps the company in forecasting the future cash inflows and cash outflows and therefore if cash inflows are more than cash outflows then company can provide for investing surplus cash into some profitable investments.
- Budget also helps the company in comparing the actual results with the budget and if any discrepancy is there then company can take steps to ensure that such mistakes are not repeated again.