

Copaxone

for Multiple Sclerosis

Copaxone (glatiramer acetate injection) is a synthetic (man-made) protein that helps reduce the relapse rate in people with multiple sclerosis.

Administration: Given via subcutaneous injection at 20 mg/mL once a day or 40 mg/mL three times a week.

Indications: Approved in the U.S. for relapsing forms of MS, including CIS, RRMS, and active SPMS.

Side effects: May include injection site reactions, vasodilatation, rash, shortness of breath, or chest pain.

Contraindications: People with known hypersensitivity to glatiramer acetate or mannitol should not take Copaxone.