

Comparing Three Depreciation Methods

Dexter Industries purchased packaging equipment on January 8 for \$368,400. The equipment was expected to have a useful life of four years, or 5,200 operating hours, and a residual value of \$30,400. The equipment was used for 1,820 hours during Year 1, 1,092 hours in Year 2, 1,456 hours in Year 3, and 832 hours in Year 4.

Required:

- Determine the amount of depreciation expense for the four years ending December 31 by (a) the straight-line method, (b) the units-of-activity method, and (c) the double-declining-balance method. Also determine the total depreciation expense for the four years by each method. Round the answer for each year to the nearest whole dollar.

Depreciation Expense			
Year	Straight-Line Method	Units-of-Activity Method	Double-Declining-Balance Method
Year 1	\$ 90,800 X	\$ 128,940 X	\$ 184,200 ✓
Year 2	\$ 90,800 X	\$ 77,364 X	\$ 45,400 X
Year 3	\$ 90,800 X	\$ 103,152 X	\$ 45,400 X
Year 4	\$ 90,800 X	\$ 58,944 X	\$ 93,400 X
Total	\$ 368,400 X	\$ 368,400 X	\$ 368,400 X

- What method yields the highest depreciation expense for Year 1?

Double-declining-balance method ✓

- What method yields the most depreciation over the four-year life of the equipment?

All three depreciation methods ✓