$$f(x) = 2x - 4x + b$$

$$f'(x) = 2(2)x^{2} - 4(1) + 0$$

$$f'(x) = 4x - 4$$

$$0 = 4x - 4$$

$$2 = -(-4) = -(-4)$$

f(1)=2(1)2-44)+6

$$4x-4$$
 $+4$
 $+4$
 $=-(-1)$
 $=1$
 $=(-1)$

$$4(x) = \lambda(x)x - 4(1) + 0$$

$$4(x) = 4x - 4$$

$$0 = 4x - 4$$

$$+4 + 4$$

$$-\frac{4}{2a}x + (-\frac{4}{2a}) = -(-\frac{4}{4})$$

$$= -(-1)$$

9



0

Pen Color



