

| Project Management | Program Management |
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| A project is a temporary undertaking task to create a unique product or service, and this is managed by project manager. | In Program management multiple projects are maintained to obtain organisational benefits |
| The tasks include identifying the sponsor, budget allocation, manage the issues and risks and etc. | The tasks include identifying the program sponsors, Manage program scope and change, Transition solution to multiple operations teams |
| A project typically exists within one team or within an organisational boundary | A program will often cross multiple organizations, and this has an impact on stakeholders, sponsors, funding sources and even assigning the right program manager. |
| A project manager is primarily responsible for the scope, cost and timeline. | A program manager can recruit all staff for project management office to manage program scope, costs and overall timeline. |
| Project managers are used to tracking tasks against a project schedule. | Program managers need to track milestones against a program level schedule |
| Project management usually revolves around a single site | Program management may involve multiple projects. |
| Project management is more tactical and it mainly focus on the operational elements of the project | Program management is subject to economic, political, and environmental considerations, especially for publicly-traded organizations. |
| A project manager isn't responsible for delivering quarterly results. | Program managers are often responsible for delivering results tied to the organization's financial calendar. |