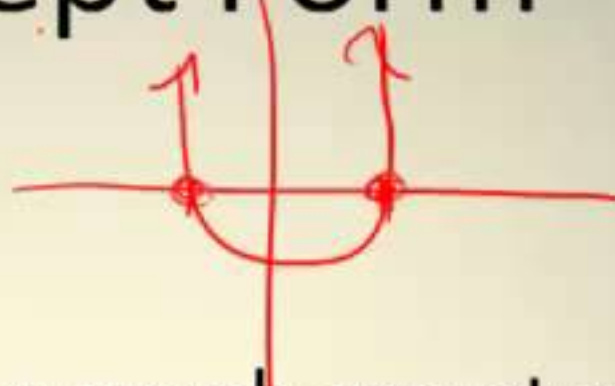


Intercept Form



- $y = a(\underline{x - p})(\underline{x - q})$

The x-intercept(s) of the graph are at $x = p$ and $x = q$

** opposite of BOTH
 $p \neq q$*

- Use $y = 2(x + \underline{1})(x - \underline{6})$Indicate the x-intercepts, vertex, direction the parabola opens, if it is wider/narrower than $y = x^2$, and axis of symmetry.

x = -